
DESCRIPTION:

The strategy allocates using a suite of affiliated tactical mutual funds. Bull Bear will hold a core position that will focus on providing tactical concentrated exposure to a major market index. The remainder will be allocated among a diverse group of tactical funds.

The underlying funds utilize a combination of dynamic asset allocation and mechanical system trading. Additionally, they employ risk management techniques including the use of hedging, treasuries, and cash positions during adverse market conditions; cash positions could at times be 100%.

RETURN ANALYSIS

	GROSS	NET	BENCHMARK
YTD	15.04%	12.93%	11.00%
One Year	21.48%	18.52%	10.94%
Three Year	19.66%	16.74%	15.71%
Five Year	16.30%	13.46%	8.77%
Ten Year	13.89%	11.11%	9.32%
Inception (6/1/2002)	12.54%	9.78%	7.47%

ANNUAL RETURNS

YEAR	GROSS	NET
2002*	-0.34%	-1.78%
2003	35.50%	32.23%
2004	19.23%	16.32%
2005	-0.60%	-3.06%
2006	15.91%	13.08%
2007	10.83%	8.12%
2008	-2.40%	-4.81%
2009	6.44%	3.82%
2010	4.29%	1.72%
2011	-4.79%	-7.15%
2012	22.48%	19.50%
2013	34.00%	30.76%
2014	18.31%	15.42%
2015	2.39%	-0.13%
2016	8.02%	5.36%
2017	12.67%	9.91%
2018	7.01%	4.37%
2019	17.60%	14.73%
2020	35.34%	32.07%
2021	22.81%	19.83%
2022	-6.08%	-8.41%
2023	15.99%	13.16%
2024	17.19%	14.33%

RISK STATISTICS

	NET
Maximum Drawdown	-24.65%
Beta*	0.45
Correlation*	0.51

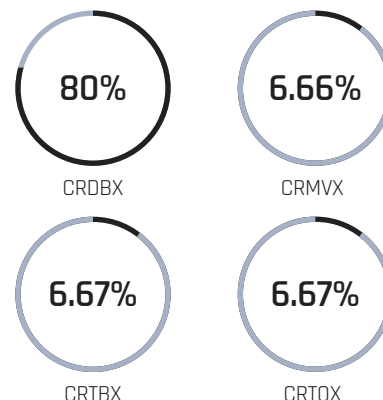
Maximum drawdown figures are calculated since the respective inception of the index or strategy shown. *Since Inception - Calculated using S&P 500 TR

*Partial year performance from inception date 6/1/2002.

DETAILS

Morningstar Ticker	F00000S8W1
Model Type	Tactical Allocation
Inception Date	06/01/2002
Account Minimum	None
Model Fee	0 bps*
Investment Vehicles	Mutual Funds
Typical Number of Holdings	4

*Potomac is entitled to receive from each Potomac Fund an annual advisory fee of up to 1.25% based on each Funds' average daily net assets but may receive less due to waivers. For additional information: potomacfunds.com

HOLDINGS


The above represents target allocations that are subject to change due to market fluctuations or other economic factors.

Performance results reflect the composite performance of all fully discretionary portfolios managed by Potomac according to the strategy subject to policies that may require the exclusion of certain accounts. All returns are time-weighted and reflect the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions. Gross performance returns do not reflect the payment of investment advisory fees but reflect the underlying fund management fees, other fund (administrative) expenses, and redemption or 12b1 (fund marketing) fees, if any. Net performance reflects the deduction of a model fee (the highest investment advisory fee charged by Potomac), underlying fund management fees, other fund (administrative) expenses and, if any, redemption or 12b1 (fund marketing) fees. Net of fee returns are calculated using a model fee of 2.5%. The model fee, applied monthly, is the highest fee that may be or has been charged to an investor in this composite. Actual investment advisory fees incurred may vary. Past performance does not guarantee future results. There is no guarantee that any investment strategy or account will be profitable or will avoid loss. Individual investors' objectives, financial situations, their specific instructions, or restrictions on investments, or the time at which an account is opened, or additions are made may result in different trades and returns. Performance for the strategy presented may differ materially (more or less) from the performance of the comparable benchmark and other Potomac investment strategies. Market and economic conditions could change in the future producing materially different returns. Results do not reflect the impact of taxes for taxable accounts or their owners. You cannot invest directly in an index. This presentation is supplemental to the composite report. The Annual GIPS® Report is available upon request. GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

PFM-057-20251022

Important Definitions Used in this Report

Benchmark: The Benchmark for the Bull Bear strategy shown above consists of 55% S&P 500 TR and 45% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate TR. Benchmark construction is determined by historical risk characteristics, as measured by maximum drawdown, and is subject to change.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate TR: The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Total Return Index is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment grade, U.S. dollar denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market, including Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM passthroughs), ABS, and CMBS.

S&P 500 Index TR: The S&P 500 TR index is a basket of 500 stocks that are considered to be widely held. The S&P 500 Index TR is weighted by market value, and its performance is thought to be representative of the stock market as a whole. The S&P 500 Index TR is one of the most commonly used benchmarks for the overall U.S. stock market. S&P 500 TR is a total return index adjusted for distributions (i.e., assuming that all distributions are reinvested).

Beta: Beta measures the relationship between an investment and a major market index (the S&P 500 Index TR is used in this report). A beta of 1.0 means that a 1% rise in the S&P 500 Index TR could lead to a 1% rise in the investment, while a beta of -0.5 means that a 1% rise in the S&P 500 Index TR could lead to a 0.5% drop in the investment. The beta for an investment is determined by using regression analysis to measure the relationship between the returns of the investment and the returns of the S&P 500 Index TR.

Drawdown: A Drawdown is any losing period during an investment record. It is defined as the percent retrenchment from an equity peak to an equity valley. A Drawdown is in effect from the time an equity retrenchment begins until a new equity high is reached. The monthly maximum drawdown is used to calculate strategy scores, benchmark scores, and to determine the relevant benchmark.

Correlation: Correlation is a statistical measure that determines how assets move relative to one another.